Fluoride Contamination in Groundwater of Bastar Region Chhattisgarh State, India

4.4



Fluoride Contamination in Groundwater of Bastar Region Chhattisgarh State, India

Authors: Dr. Korsa Munna, Dr. Rajeeva Guhey, Department of Geology, Govt NPG College of Science, Raipur, Chhattisgarh, INDIA



Publisher : Aditi Publication, Raipur, Chhattisgarh, INDIA

Fluoride Contamination in Groundwater of Bastar Region Chhattisgarh State, India

Year : 2022 Edition - 01

Dr. Korsa Munna, Dr. Rajeeva Guhey, Department of Geology, Govt NPG College of Science, Raipur , Chhattisgarh, INDIA

ISBN : 978-93-92568-10-7

Copyright[©] All Rights Reserved

No parts of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior written permission of the author and publisher.

Price : Rs. 399/-

Publisher & Printed by : **Aditi Publication**, Opp. New Panchajanya vidya Mandir, Near Tiranga Chowk, Kushalpur, Raipur, Chhattisgarh, INDIA +91 9425210308

Preface

The authors had the idea that the information should be shared in society while conducting their dissertation research on fluoride contamination studies in several areas of the Bastar district. To produce this book, efforts were undertaken with this great idea. The Registrar of Pt. Ravishankar Shukla University, Raipur, who gave permission for the thesis to be published, is gratefully acknowledged by the authors. The authors are also thankful to the Principal, Government Nagarjuna Post Graduate College of Science, Raipur for his constant encouragement and support.

Even when water is plentiful, our country continues to suffer from a lack of water in various regions and water pollution. Contamination has been a persistent issue, particularly in rural regions. We've also observed rural ladies travelling vast distances in the early hours of the morning to bring a few pots of polluted water over their heads. They appear to have no option as well. We all know that water is the elixir of life, and that drinking dirty water causes 80% of health issues. During our assessment, we discovered that there are several pollutants in the water that these impoverished communities drink. They lack information and expertise about the dangers of consuming polluted water. Bacteria pollute surface water in lakes, rivers, ponds, and even wells, causing cholera, typhoid, hepatitis A and E, encephalitis, gastroenteritis, diarrhoea, TB, giardiasis, and jaundice, among other diseases. Apart from the bacterial element, the most

prevalent pollutants in other regions of India include high levels of fluoride. Fluoride damages bones and causes fluorosis; it cripples, discolours teeth, and deforms bones, causing them to become brittle; it causes bow legs in children and adults. Women suffer uterine troubles.

Contamination is a massive challenge that demands devoted individuals, scientific surveys, study, planning, massive finance, and the construction of proper equipment, distribution systems, and maintenance management. It is normally difficult for us to have all of these combinations. This is one of the reasons why so many facilities have been established but are now inactive or dead for one reason or another. Government organisations are trying hard to solve the fluoride contamination in drinking water. The problem is acute in various states of India where the aquifer rocks are of granitic, and metamorphic origin. Apart from Government initiatives, some non-government organisations have also come up to help the villagers. In this category, we must mention the initiative taken by various organisations such as Sri Sathyasai Seva Organisation, India. It is a spiritual organisation and dedicated for village/gram seva. The organisation has constituted a Technology Group for providing simple & permanent techno solutions for enhancing the quality of life of the poor villagers. Their community level success model can be adopted by other states including Chhattisgarh.

Raipur

Authors Korsa Munna Rajeeva Guhey



Chapter	Perticular	P.N.
01	Introduction	01
02	Literature Review 1	
03	Geology and Petrography	22
04	Hydrogeology	54
05	Water Chemistry and Quality Evaluation76	
06	Suitability Assessment of Ground Water for Drinking Purpose	124
07	Fluoride in Ground Water	138
08	Fluoride in Groundwater of other localities at Bastar, Jagdalpur	154
09	Summary and Conclusion	160
	References	170
	Achievements of Dr. Korsa Munna	194

S.No.	Symbols	Description
01	mg/l	Milligram per liter
02	meq/l	Milliequivqlent per liter
03	µS/cm	Microsiemen per centimeter
04	⁰ C	Degree Celsius
05	EC	Electric Conductivity
06	TDS	Total Dissolved Solids
07	HNO ₃	Hydrochloric Nitric Acid
08	m	Meter
09	mm	Milli meter
10	Km	Kilometer
11	mbgl	Meter below ground level
12	pm	Picometer
13	DGM	Directorate of Geology and Mining
14	amsl	Above mean sea level
15	CGWB	Central Ground Water Board
16	WHO	World Health Organization
17	IMD	India Meteorological Department
18	ICAR	Indian Council of Agricultural Research

List of Abreviations and Description



Dr. Korsa Munna

Dr. Korsa Munna, is a guest lecturer in Geology at School of Studies in Geology and Water Resource Management, Pt. RavishankarShukla University, Raipur (C.G.).He is completed his B.Sc. in Govt. Kaktiya Postgraduate College Jagdalpur, district-bastar, from Pt. RavishankarShukla University, Raipur, (C.G.). He is joined School of Studies in Geology and Water Resource Management, where completed for his M.Sc. degree in Geology. He obtained his Ph.D. on the Topic "Hydrogeochemical investigation in Bhopalpatnam area, with reference to fluoride contamination in Groundwater, District-Bijapur, Chhattisgarh, India" under supervision of **Dr.RajeevaGuhey**, Prof. Geology, Government N.P.G. College of Science, Raipur (C.G.). He has published five research papers in various Applied Geochemistry, JGSIJournals, paper presented in national conferences, one paper presented in Young Scientist Congress, Chhattisgarh Council of Science and Technology, Raipur and attended workshop and training during Ph.D. This book contains his research contributions.



Dr. Rajeeva Guhey

Professor Rajeeva Guhey, is currently working in Geology department of Govt. NPG College affiliated with R.S. University Raipur (C.G.). He obtained his Ph.D. in Geology from R.S. University, Raipur (C.G.) during 1993. He has been teaching under & post graduate classes since 38 year. He has also published more than 30 research papers in reputed national & international journals. He has successfully completed several valuable research projects on Proterozoic sedimentary carbonate from Indravati Basin, India. He is a life member of South Asian Association of Economic Geology, Geological Society of India, Bangalore, Indian Association Sedimentolegists Aligarh. He has successfully guided number of students for pursuing their doctoral research work. He is a recipient of young Scientist's award for best paper presentation during 1992 from DAU Indore, M.P. He has participated in 32 IGC Florence Italy, 2004.



Aditi Publication

Opp. New Panchjanya Vidya Mandir, Near Tiranga Chowk, Kushalpur, Dist.- Raipur-492001, Chhattisgarh shodhsamagam1@gmail.com, +91 94252 10308

